

Calculating geometrical properties with the CDK



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Cdk

Abstract

runs a story on how to calculate geometrical properties of a 3D structure using CDK's ForceFieldTools. This class contains a few methods to calculate distances between atoms and angles between bonds.

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runs [a story on how to calculate geometrical properties of a 3D structure](#) using CDK's [ForceFieldTools](#). This class contains a few methods to calculate distances between atoms and angles between bonds.

This tools class is special as it uses vecmath GVector objects, which just contain atomic coordinates, likely suitable for extensive computation, as expected in [CDK's force field implementation](#). However, for just calculating the distance and angles, there are simpler alternatives.

The distance between two atoms can be calculated with:

```
atom1 = molecule.getAtom(0);  
atom2 = molecule.getAtom(1);  
double dist = atom1.getPoint3d().distance(atom2.getPoint3d());
```

or, by constructing a vector for the bond first:

```
Vector3d bond1to2 = new Vector3d(atom2.getPoint3d());  
bond1to2.sub(atom1.getPoint3d());  
double dist = bond1to2.length();
```

Using vectors to represent bond (with two atoms!), allows easily calculating angles too (assuming the bonds share atom1):

```
double angle = bond1to2.angle(bond1to3);
```

Vecmath does not seem to contain a convenience method for calculating torsion angles :(